



$$\begin{aligned} B &= 3 \text{ gcs} \\ w_i &= 3 \text{ gcs} \\ q_A &= \frac{1}{7} \text{ gcs} \end{aligned}$$

$$P_{BB^*} = q_1 \underline{q}_1 + q_2 \underline{q}_2$$

$${}^A \underline{\underline{v}}^{B^*} = u_1 \underline{b}_1 + u_2 \underline{b}_2 = \dot{q}_1 \underline{a}_1 + \dot{q}_2 \underline{a}_2$$

q_3, q_4 as shown

q_5, q_6, q_7 angles for w_1, w_2, w_3

$${}^A \underline{\omega}^B = u_3 \underline{b}_3 = \dot{q}_3 \underline{b}_3$$

$${}^A \underline{\omega}^{w_i} = {}^A \underline{\omega}^B + {}^B \underline{\omega}^{w_i}$$

$${}^B \underline{\omega}^{w_i} = u_4 \underline{b}_3 + u_5 \underline{r}_2 = \dot{q}_4 \underline{b}_3 + \dot{q}_5 \underline{r}_2$$

$${}^B \underline{\omega}^{w_2} = u_6 \underline{b}_2 = \dot{q}_6 \underline{b}_2$$

$${}^B \underline{\omega}^{w_3} = u_7 \underline{b}_2 = \dot{q}_7 \underline{b}_2$$

$n=7$

$$\begin{aligned} {}^A \underline{\underline{v}}^{w_i^*} &= {}^A \underline{\underline{v}}^{B^*} + {}^A \underline{\omega}^B \times P_{BB^*} w_i^* = u_1 \underline{b}_1 + u_2 \underline{b}_2 + u_3 \underline{b}_3 \times \frac{8l}{3} \underline{b}_1 \\ &= u_1 \underline{b}_1 + (u_2 + \frac{8l}{3} u_3) \underline{b}_2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} {}^A \underline{\underline{v}}^{w_2^*} &= u_1 \underline{b}_1 + u_2 \underline{b}_2 + u_3 \underline{b}_3 \times (-\frac{4l}{3} \underline{b}_1 + 3l \underline{b}_2) \\ &= (u_1 - 3l u_3) \underline{b}_1 + (u_2 - \frac{4l}{3} u_3) \underline{b}_2 \end{aligned}$$

$${}^A \underline{\underline{v}}^{w_3^*} = (u_1 + 3l u_3) \underline{b}_1 + (u_2 - \frac{4l}{3} u_3) \underline{b}_2$$

We can form holonomic partial velocities here, but they really are not needed since we know the system is constrained.

Can write ${}^A \hat{\underline{\omega}}^{w_i} = 0$ or (a bit easier) write ${}^A \underline{\underline{v}}^{w_i^*}$ another way using the fact that ${}^A \hat{\underline{\omega}}^{w_i} = 0$.

$$\begin{aligned} {}^A \underline{\underline{v}}^{w_1^*} &= {}^A \hat{\underline{\omega}}^{w_1} + {}^A \underline{\omega}^{w_1} \times r \underline{b}_3 \\ &= (u_3 \underline{b}_3 + u_4 \cancel{\underline{b}_3} + u_5 \underline{r}_2) \times r \cancel{\underline{r}_3} = r u_5 \underline{r}_1 \end{aligned}$$

$${}^A \underline{\underline{v}}^{w_2^*} = (u_3 \underline{b}_3 + u_6 \underline{b}_2) \times r \underline{b}_3 = r u_6 \underline{b}_1$$

$${}^A \underline{\underline{v}}^{w_3^*} = (u_3 \underline{b}_3 + u_7 \underline{b}_2) \times r \underline{b}_3 = r u_7 \underline{b}_1$$

Thus, $u_1 \underline{b}_1 + (u_2 + \frac{8l}{3} u_3) \underline{b}_2 = r u_5 \underline{r}_1$

$$(u_1 - 3l u_3) \underline{b}_1 + (u_2 - \frac{4l}{3} u_3) \underline{b}_2 = r u_6 \underline{b}_1$$

$$(u_1 + 3l u_3) \underline{b}_1 + (u_2 - \frac{4l}{3} u_3) \underline{b}_2 = r u_7 \underline{b}_1$$

$$\text{Thus, } u_1 = r u_5 \underline{r}_1 \cdot \underline{b}_1 = r u_5 c_4$$

$$u_2 + \frac{8l}{3} u_3 = r u_5 \underline{r}_1 \cdot \underline{b}_2 = r u_5 s_4$$

$$u_1 - 3l u_3 = r u_6$$

$$u_1 + 3l u_3 = r u_7$$

$$u_2 - \frac{4l}{3} u_3 = 0$$

$$m=5$$

$$p=n-m$$

$$\therefore p=2$$

Eliminate all but u_4 and u_1

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & r c_4 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & \frac{8l}{3} & -r s_4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{3l}{2} & 0 & r & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{7l}{2} & 0 & 0 & r \\ 1 & -\frac{4l}{3} & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} u_2 \\ u_3 \\ u_5 \\ u_6 \\ u_7 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$u_2 = \frac{u_1 \tan q_4}{3}$$

$$u_3 = \frac{u_1 \tan q_4}{4l}$$

$$u_5 = \frac{u_1}{rc_4}$$

$$u_6 = \frac{(4c_4 - 3s_4)u_1}{4rc_4}$$

$$u_7 = \frac{(4c_4 + 3s_4)u_1}{4rc_4}$$

nonholonomic partial velocities + angular velocities

$${}^A \underline{\omega}^B = \frac{u_1}{4l} \tan q_4 \underline{b}_3 \quad {}^A \tilde{\omega}_1^B = \frac{\tan q_4}{4l} \underline{b}_3$$

$${}^A \tilde{\omega}_1^{w_1} = \left(\frac{u_1}{4l} \tan q_4 + u_4 \right) \underline{b}_3 + \frac{u_1 r_1}{rc_4} \underline{r}_2$$

$${}^A \tilde{\omega}_1^{w_2} =$$

$${}^A \tilde{\omega}_1^{w_3} = \frac{\tan q_4}{4l} \underline{b}_3 + \frac{r_1}{rc_4} \underline{b}_2$$

$${}^A \tilde{\omega}_1^{w_4} = \underline{b}_3$$

Kin. diff eq.

$$\dot{q}_1 = (u_1 \underline{b}_1 + \frac{u_1}{3} \tan q_4 \underline{b}_2) \cdot \underline{g}_1 = u_1 c_3 - \frac{u_1}{3} \tan q_4 s_3$$

$$\dot{q}_2 = (\quad) \cdot \underline{g}_2 = u_1 s_3 + \frac{u_1}{3} \tan q_4 c_3$$

$$\dot{q}_3 = \frac{u_1}{4l} \tan q_4$$

$$\dot{q}_4 = u_4$$

$$\dot{q}_5 = \frac{u_1}{rc_4}$$

$$\dot{q}_6 = \frac{u_1}{r} \left(1 - \frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{r} \tan q_4 \right)$$

$$\dot{q}_7 = \frac{u_1}{r} \left(1 + \frac{3}{4} \tan q_4 \right)$$